App. F. IX-4

1927.8

S+A File No. 303.27

Previous References
Manjanatad Pallegar Family Pension file 31 of 32
S+A 59. 19. 5+8.
S+A 31. 24. 124
S+A 17. 26. 122
Later References
" 123 of 28-29 Dft
S+A 69-21-4

Serial Nos. 122

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Serial Nos. Two

Part B for May 1928

SUBJECT

Petition dated 25. 2. 28 from M. Krishna Deva Naik an illegitimate Son of late Mr Kaikadi Venkatadri Naik a Manjanatad Pallegar Pensioner praying for a share in the pension of Rs 127-1-10 now in the enjoyment of Krishnappa Naik.

Secs. 2 To M. Krishnadeva Naik
Pallegar of Manjanatad
128. III Road Visveswarapuram
Bangalore City

No Pl 8685 dated 9. 5. 28

Reforms that Govt see no reasons for reconsidering the orders that have been already passed in the matter.

Al 18/5.

General and Revenue Secretariat. S.A File No. 303 of 1927.

Serial No.	
1	Petition dated 25.2.28 from Mr. M. Krishna Deva Naik, an illegitimate son of late Mr. Venkatadri Naik, a Manjarabad Polegar pensioner, praying for a share in the pension of Rs 127-1-10 now in the enjoyment of Krishnappa Naik, —
	1) Mr. M. Krishna Deva Naik, the petitioner, an illegitimate son of late Mr. Venkadri Naik, a Manjarabad Polegar pensioner has been petitioning Govt: ever since the adverse decision of Govt: during the year 1845. for a share in the family pension of Rs 127-1-10 which is now being enjoyed by Krishnappa Naik, a Son by the legitimate wife Krishnajammanni.
	2) This petitioner had an interview with the Dewan on 9.7.28 and a short note on his case was submitted to the Dewan. As a result of this interview, an endorsement was issued

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 0324--GPB—60,000—24-5-27

General and Revenue Secretariat. S.A File No. 303 of 1927.

Serial No.

in H: 758 of 2-8-26. informing him that there are no new grounds for reconsidering the orders already issued. (vide Hay: H.).

3. This endorsement seems to have prompted him to put in, this present petition which he believes contains some new grounds. The grounds he enumerates viz the will, Sreemukham by Sree Parakala swami etc for the reconsideration of orders already issued are not at all new inasmuch as they have all been urged in his previous petitions -

4. A brief history of the case is attempted in the following lines -

Govt: in their order no: 98 of P. H. Ts: 2994 22-6-1895 decided that the entire pension of Rs 127-1-10 should be continued to the legitimate sons of Venkatadri Naik by his wife Krishnajammanni and registered in the name of Krishnappa Naik. As to the question whether the sons of Puttamma (mother of the petitioner) had any status in the family or were

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 0324—GPB—60,000—24-5-27

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Serial No.

entitled to any portion of the pension as sons by an inferior kind of marriage, Govt: found that Puttamma was a divorced Brahmin woman and as such not a person with whom Venkatadri Naik Could have Contracted any kind of marriage however inferior. (Vide Ro: (G)

5. The petitioner submitted a memorial to Her Highness the Maharani (Regent) for the re consideration of orders referred to above. This petition was forwarded to the then I. G. of Police (Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao) for enquiry as to whether Puttammanni was or was not an outcaste Brahmin woman named Bamasankari according to the orders of the Dewan (Sir K. Seshadri Iyer). As a result of the detailed investigations Conducted in several places (Bilore, Jangamkote, Siolashatta, Chintamani, & Chickballapur) it was clearly established that Puttammanni was the same person as at one time was known as Bamasankari.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 0324—GPB—60,000—24-5-27

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Serial No.

6. The contention of the petitioner (viz that Pattammanni, his mother was of Telugu Banajiga caste & was a Pattada wife) was proved false beyond doubt and his applications for a reconsideration of orders was rejected. (vide Ref: R.)

7 After a lapse of nearly 25 years, the petitioner sought the reversal of an order passed so long ago as 1895 after a detailed examination of all aspects of the question. This petition was rejected. (kind reference is invited to Mr. C. S. Balasundaram Iyer's note of 27.4.20. paras 9-11. (Ref: W)

8. His subsequent petition dated 1.9.24 was also rejected as there were no valid grounds. (Ref: Y)

9 The petitioner quotes certain precedents as in his former petitions — the cases of Chickamanjunath, Doddakrishnappa Nath, Devappa Nath etc. These precedents have also been referred to in the note of the Joint (Asst) Secy (now Joint Secy) under

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 0321—GPB—60,000—24-5-27

D. 4012
H.

App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. S.A. File No. 303 of 192 7

Serial No.

Reg: Z

(Vide para 6. of the note in S.A. 54-19)

10. All his petitions to Govt: from the earliest down to the present one show an earnest and brilliant attempt on his part to misrepresent the actual facts. He has tried to secure a richly signed Mahazar which, it appears, is due to the influence of one Veerabhadra Setty of Akkepetta B'lore. He has produced an affidavit from a Purohit who performed the marriage. This is undoubtedly his own creation - etc. All his exhibits from F to J aim at legalising the ~~marriage~~ Connection of Puttamma with Venkatadri Naik proved to be false by the Police investigation

11. For reasons more than one, the petition of M. Krishna Deva Naik deserves to be dismissed with the remark that his petitions will not be entertained in future.

Subs for orders.

16.3.28

12 The last grounds urged

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 0324—GPB—60,000—24-5-27

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App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. S.A. File No. 303 of 1927

Serial No.

by the petitioner are:
1. That he is the legitimate son of his father Venkatadri Naik and a lawful wedlock of his mother Pattammamma with Venkatadri Naik
and 2. That illegitimate sons also inherit their father's property according to some judicial rulings.
13 Both these grounds have been fully gone into and the claims of the petitioner rejected.
14 The Case does not deserve any re-consideration.

Reasons are quoted in the C/W's note re.

J. Reddy) PR 20/3

15 To Legal Remembrancer with Compliments for favour of opinion. G 21.4.28. PV.

16. The previous records connected with this case show that the petitioners were the ~~illegitimate~~ illegitimate sons of Venkatadri Naik & in consequence their claim to the pension was negatived in 1895. Since 1895 several attempts were made by the petrs to get this decision Govt have persistently refused to reopen the question.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 0324—GPB—60,000—24-5-27

4327/H 525/927

App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. S.A File No. 303 of 1927.

Serial No. A

17 As no new grounds are urged, there is no reason to admit this petition.

For Lee 7
with Comps

26/4

18. A. I agree. Please put up a draft endorsement and submit it to Dewan thro 2nd member. 30/4/28

19 Draft
HV
30/4/28

31/4

20 Submitted with an Endorsement
30/4
1-5-1928

Dewan
2nd Member

HV
2/5/28

May 3/5/28

GENL. & REV. SECTT.
27 APR. 1928
FINANCIAL BRANCH.
16076
27-4-28

DEWAN'S OFFICE.
Received on
4. MAY 1928
Regd. No. 6966.

6383.

3 MAY 1928
16460
HV

7 MAY 1928
16662

5/5/28

21. Issue
HV

H 8685-d Dp. 5-1928-15
Sri Lakshmana Devaraja Naik
Informs him that Govt see no reasons
for reconsidering the orders already
passed in the matter

B

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 0324--GPB—60,000—24-5-27

Inst. Pln. No 429

GENL. & REV. SECTT.
28 FEB. 1928
FINANCIAL BRANCH.

4012

H. Sec A 303-27-1

To

AMEEN-UL-MULK

Mirza Mahomed Ismail, Esquire,
B.A., C.I.E., O.B.E.,
The Dewan of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

May it please Your Excellency,

The humble Petition of M.Krishnadeva Naik, son of the late Venkatadri Naik of Manjarabad Pollegar Family, Mysore State, most humbly and respectfully showeth:--

In reply to Your Excellency's Endorsement No. Fl. 758/59 A dated 31st July 1926, regaring the Petitioner's claim to the Manjarabad Pollegar Family Pension, the Petitioner is informed that there are no new grounds for reconsidering the Orders already passed.

The Petitioner most humbly begs to point out a few new grounds to Your Exeellency, feeling sure that Your Excellency with Your Excellency's deep knowledge of human nature, will kindly vouchsafe to him and his children all the protection to which they are entitled.

That Your humble Petitioner's father, the late Venkatadri Naik, was a Pollegar of the well-known and respectable family of Manjarabad, Mysore State, allowed by the Government of Mysore a monthly Pension of Rs.127-1-10 and he was in the enjoyment of the same till his death. The present surviving members

members of this family are shown in the Geneology. (Vide Appendix "A"). That the said Venkatadri - Naik, shortly before his death, made a Will and - duly registered it. (Vide Appendix "B"). Venkatadri Naik, feeling certain of his death in a short period, and during that there may be no disputes - as to the disposal of his Pension after his death between the sons of his rival wives, submitted a - Petition on 20th July 1894 (Vide Appendix "C") to the Government of Mysore, praying that the pension enjoyed by him may be settled upon his four sons in the following manner as was mentioned in his - said Will and that the terms of the said Will be carried into effect during his life time.

For the 1st son by his 1st wife.	Rs.	30- 0- 0.
For the 2nd son by his 1st wife.	"	30- 0- 0.
For the 1st son by his 2nd wife.	"	35- 0- 0.
For the 2nd son by his 2nd wife.	"	32-1-10 .
	TOTAL:- Rs.	127- 1-10.

Unfortunately, he became seriously ill and died on 26th July 1894. That the 2nd wife, Krishnajamma, - hearing of such a Petition, and being emboldened by the death of her husband, submitted a petition to the Government, putting forward her exclusive right to the Pension and her son-in-law (who married her own daughter), the late Mr. B.J. Kumaraswamy Naik, Deputy Commissioner, under the instigation of his mother-in-law, represented to the late Dewan the false and malicious facts, with a view to deprive the 1st wife and her children of the means of subsistence. It is nothing more than a mere conspiracy to deprive the 1st - wife and her children of their humble share in the Pension.

That

That your humble Petitioner is the eldest son of the late Venkatadri Naik by his senior wife, but his claim to the succession to the Stipend was passed over by the Government on the ground that he belongs to an Illegitimate Line of Descendant of the said Venkatadri Naik. The consequence of this was that the unfounded reflections made against him were easily believed by the late Dewan, and thus the way was paved for his cause being lost, since such Government Officer himself took prominent part in defeating his claim.

The Government conclude by misrepresentation and without any reliable evidence that your Petitioner is an Illegitimate son of the late Venkatadri Naik, in spite of his legitimacy being placed beyond question of His Holiness Sree Brahma Tantra Parakalaswamiavaroo of Mysore, who is the Highest Authority in all spiritual matters, recognising Puttammanni, the 1st wife of late Venkatadri Naik, as being his true disciple and as belonging to the Telugu Banajiga Caste, in his Nirup.(Vide Appendix "D")

That Your Petitioner begs to draw Your Excellency's attention to a very important Document presented by late Venkatadri Naik on the 16th of August 1889 to the Government of Mysore, five years before his death, at a time when the present dispute was not in contemplation, recognizing that Puttammanni is his <u>"Pattada" wife</u> (wife with regal rights) who belonged to the same Caste as himself, was married to him in the year 1860, with usual custom and the Sastric Rites , and that the Petitioner

Petitioner, Krishnadeva Naik, is his "Jaista Putra" in every respect, subject to the Hindu Law and Legal Science. (Vide Appendix "E")

The Petitioner begs to submit that, in a recent suit, in the Court of Judicature at Madras, - it has been proved that Puttammanni (Petitioner's - mother) was the legitimate daughter of Narasimala Naik and Perandevammanni, lawfully wedded as husband and wife. Puttammanni, at her 11th year of age, was - married to the said Venkatadri Naik in the year 1860, in accordance with the usual custom and the Sastric Rites, and they were all of the Telugu Balajiga Caste. (Vide:- The Judicial Proceeding of the Court of Judicature at Madras: Appendix "F").

Vide:- Affidavit of Purohit who undertook the Purohitship for the performance of Marriage of Puttammanni with Venkatadri Naik according to the Caste - observances. (Appendix "G").

Vide:- Affidavit of Govindarajalu Naik (paternal uncle of Puttammanni) declared at the Presidency Magistrate Court, Madras, showing that Puttammanni is of Telugu Banajiga Caste, she was the daughter of - Narasimala Naik, and she was lawfully married to Venkatadri Naik, at her 11th year. (Appendix "H").

Vide:- Mahazar signed by 41 State Pollegars and respectable merchants who were in the habit of visiting Venkatadri Naik, and who have known his family affairs for a long time. (Appendix "I").

Vide:- Affidavit of Purohit who had conducted - most of the Ceremonies in Venkatadri Naik's house in

his

his life time and who got Venkatadri Naik's Funeral Ceremonies performed by the Petitioner, Krishnadeva Naik. (Appendix "J").

Vide:- Affidavit of Ammanniamma, uterine sister of the late Venkatadri Naik and mother of late B.J. Kumaraswamy Naik, showing that Puttammanni is of Telugu Banajiga Caste and that she was married - to Venkatadri Naik, according to the Caste Usages. (Appendix "K").

That your Petitioner begs to submit that the Petitioner is the eldest son of late Venkatadri Naik and that he has been married in the Kandy Royal Family.

Vide:- Petition dated 20th January 1894, presented by Venkatadri Naik, to the Officer in Charge of the State Huzur Treasury, Bangalore. (Appendix "L").

That your Petitioner begs to submit that your Petitioner's eldest son, Venkatadri Naik, and your Petitioner's daughter, Kamalamma, have both married according to the Caste Usages, among the people of respectable Pollegar Community of Mysore. The - relationship of this Family is shown in the subjoined Table of Pedigree:--

Ammanniamma (Pensioner)

Manjarabad Pollegar Family.

Devajamma (daughter)	Nanjammanni (daughter)
Seethamma (daughter) married to Venkatadri Naik, (Petitioner's - eldest son.)	Venkatarajaiya (son) married Kamalamma, (Petitioner's daughter)

That

That your Petitioner begs to submit an existing instance of Pittapur Zemindar (Madras Presidency) wnere a Bequest was made to the "AurasaW son by means of a Will.

Held:- The Title by Will will have priority over title by succession.

Held:- That the false description of the person as his "Aurasa" son was immaterial - and that the Bequest to him was valid.

But, the Government of Mysore have failed to exercise a sound discretion in not recognizing the status of your humble Petitioner in his family and under his father's Will, though the Government admit "that such a Pollegar Pension must always descend in the ordinary - course of Inheritance."

Vide:- Government Order No.28 dated 22-6-1895.

Vide:- Government Proceedings, Para 8, dated - 29-10-1887, which is as follows:--

"That it would be no more than bare Justice to extend to Mysore Pollegar Pensions, the same - rule of Succession as applies to Pallepat lands in British Territory."

That the Government have undoubtedly erred in arriving at a conclusion quite unwarranted by any - satisfactory or reliable evidence that your Petitioner is an Illegitimate son of Late Venkatadri Naik, on the face of so many existing proofs and material evidence - regarding the point of the status of your humble Petitioner. Under such circumstances, the Government -

could

could have easily directed the party to get his right established in the Court of Law.

That your petitioner begs to submit that even the Illegitimate sons of Sudras have always been declared to have an equal share in the Estates of their (father.

AUTHORITIES:-

I.L.R. 15, Madras 307.
" 4, Bombay 37.
" 18, Calcutta 151.
" 11, " 702.
" 14, Bombay 282.
" 12, Madras 401.
" 7, Madras 407.
" 1, Bombay 97.

(Vide:- the marginally noted Authorities on the subject.)

In all these cases, it has been held that an Illegitimate son is entitled to a share equally with a Legitimate son.

That your Petitioner begs to point out that the instances are not wanting where the Illegitimate children of Pollegars have been drawing Stipends from the Government of Mysore in Succession to their natural parents as Chicka Manju Naik and Dodda Krishnappa Naik, both Illegitimate sons in the family of said Manjarabad Pollegars, have been drawing Rs.34/- and Rs.24/- respectively, and Devappa Naik and Lingala Naik, both Illegitimate Descendants of Chitaldrug Pollegars, have been drawing Rs.48/- and Rs.103/- respectively, per month. -- Vide Government Records, in the Office of the State Huzur Treasury, Bangalore.

That your Petitioner begs to submit an Extract of the Kazana Bakshi's Report No.15, dated - 11-12-1889, on the petitions of Devappa Naik, Lingala Naik, and others of the Chitaldrug Pollegar Family.

Extract:-

Extract:- "Though the origin of the family of Madikere Naik was itself Illegitimate being descended by his unmarried connection with a Nair woman, - yet the pension has been descended to his eldest son Veeramadikere Naik and also directed by Colonel Meade, the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, that Veeramadikere Naik should afford maintenance to his other two Illegitimate step brothers and in case of his disagreement that they should be given 10 Pagodas for this purpose out of his pension."

Extract:- "That though the records in no way - bear out the claim of Devappa Naik whose mother has - been shown to be worse than a concubine, yet, the - Chief Commissioner was graciously pleased to provide - him also with an allowance of Rs.25/- in dispensing - with Veeramadikere Naik's Pension.

The Petitioner would crave leave to invite Your Excellency's attention to a Despatch by Lord Canning No.43 of 1860 at Simla:-

For the Ranee.	Rs.	600.
Six Concubines at Rs.50/- each.	"	300.
Five ditto. ..	"	250.
The Legitimate son.	"	500.
Six Illegitimate sons at Rs.200/- each.	"	1,200.
The Daughter. ..	"	150.
TOTAL:-	Rs.	3,000.

Regarding the allowances of the family of the late Ex-Rajah of Coorg. That eminent statesman, Lord Canning, has been pleased to sanction an allowance of - Rs.3,000/- a month for the members of the Coorg Family in India, in proportion noted in the margin. (Vide Appendix "M".)

That

That your Petitioner would crave permission to refer Your Excellency to a recent Decision in the High Court of Judicature at Madras, in a Suit for maintenance by the Illegitimate sons of one Chidambra Mudali, deceased, against his undivided brothers and their sons.

Held:- The Illegitimate son of a Sudra is entitled for maintenance from the undivided brothers of his deceased father who take the father's Estate by survivorship and charged the - maintenance awarded to the Illegitimate sons against the income of the Zemindari. (Vide Madras Law Journal , Vol.XX, April 1910, No.2, Pages 350 and 353).

That your Humble Petitioner submits the Order passed by the late Dewan not being a Judicial proceeding, this Appeal is not barred by Limitation. That one Lingala Naik, a descendant of Chitaldrug Pollegar Family, Mysore State, was passed over by Colonel Meade, the then Chief Commissioner of Mysore, that he belongs to an Illegitimate Line of descendant, again, after a number of years, during the administration of Sir K. Seshadri Iyer, that said Lingala Naik was recognized as a Legitimate Descendant. So it is quite evident that the Government have full power to alter and modify the orders once passed, at any time. (Vide Government Proceedings No.1309/141 of 20-5-1890).

That your humble Petitioner submits that he has no means of livelihood, owning neither moveable nor immoveable property anywhere, and that the sole means of livelihood in case of the family to which he has the - honour to belong, has been the Pollegar Pension enjoyed by his ancestors.

That

That your Petitioner begs to submit that he and his family members are starving—absolutely - starving--which compelled him to approach and appeal to Your Excellency, they being Your Excellency's - Loyal Subjects, their advancement mainly depends upon Your Excellency's support.

That your humble Petitioner, therefore, most humbly and respectfully solicits that Your Excellency will be pleased to direct any allowance of the Stipend, drawn by his late father, Venkatadri Naik, during his life time to your humble Petitioner for - maintenance of his family members and thus protect - Your Petitioner's family from its irretrievable ruin. Your Petitioner humbly, but confidently, trusts that his humble prayer will not be in vain, but that Your Excellency will, in all circumstances as herein represented, do but what is Just, Meet, Proper, Equitable and Expedient in the premises,

And Your Humble Petitioner
Shall, as in duty bound
EVER PRAY.

Dated, 25. 2. 1928.
BANGALORE.

M. Krishnadeva Naik
Manjarabad
Pollegar
Family.

ADDRESS:-

M. Krishnadeva Naik,
Pollegar of Manjarabad,
No.128, III Road, -
Visveswarapuram,
BANGALORE CITY.

(APPENDIX "A".)

Venkatadri Naik, Manjarabad Pollegar Family, (died.)

1st wife Puttammanni (daughter of Madras Narasimhala Naik) Married in 1860. - Died in 1902.

2nd wife Krishnajamma (daughter of Muddu Krishnappa Naik). Married in 1866; died in 1894.

Krishnadeva Naik (Petitioner) Son. Wife Sundararajammanni, married in 1893, Descendant of Kandy Royal Family, Tanjore.

Vasudeva Naik (son), Wife, Jayalakshmiammami, (married in 1904), Daughter of Mudduswamy Naik, son of Govindarajalu Naik:- This Mudduswamy Naik is Cousin of Puttammanni (1st wife of Venkatadri Naik).

Krishnappa Naik (son). No Issue.

Srinivasa Murthy - (son) died.

Nanjammanni (daughter) Married to B. J. Kumaraswamy Naik (died)

Venkatadri Naik (son). Wife Seethamma, (married in 1924) Grand-daughter of Ammanniamma, Manjarabad Pollegar Family (Pensioner)

Krishnaswamy Naik (son).

Nanjunda Raja Urs, (son).

Kamalamma (daughter) Married to Venkatarajaiya, in the year 1924, - grandson of Ammanniamma, Manjarabad - Pollegar Family. (PENSIONER.)

Narasimha Swamy (son.

Devaraja Urs (son).

The original copies of these Exhibits ill be submitted with the Memorial at e hearing of the case or whenever they ay be required.

EXHIBIT B

TRANSLATION OF THE WILL BY THE FATHER OF THE MEMORIALIST.

This will made the 14th day of October 1893, executed by Venkatadri Naik Son of Dodda Kristnappa Naik, pallegar of Manjarbad, residing in Cotton Petta, Bangalore is as hereunder detailed:—

I. As I am very weak by old age, my age having exceeded 50, and as I desire that there may be no disputes in my family as to the succession of my heirs to my property, I hereby voluntarily execute this my last testament.

II. I have two wives, the 1st of whom is Puttammanni, and the 2nd Krishna jammanni.

III. The 1st Puttammanni has two sons by name (1) Krishnadeva Murthi and (2) Vasudeva Murthi. Sundararajammanni, daughter of Kumaraswami Rajah of Tiruvalur Daigal Family has been given in marriage to the said Krishnadeva Murthi. The said 2nd Vasudeva Murthi remains a batchelor and is aged 13.

IV. The 2nd Kristnajammanni has two sons and two daughters. The 1st Nunjammanni has been give in marriage to Kumaraswmi Naik, son of Venkatasawmy Naik, Pallegar of Bagalur. The 2nd Gourammanni is not yet married and is only 8 years old. The 3rd Kristna Murthi is 13 years of age and not married. The 4th Sreenivasa Murthi is only 5 years old and not married.

V. I have no ancertral property except a house which is my self-acquired and which has been sold by me to Polepally Soobba Chetty to discharge my debts.

VI. I Have jewels (gold and silver) to the value of Rs. 2,500 which are also my self-acquisition, and the same is distributed between my 1st and 2nd wives in the proportion of 1,500 and 1,000 and each must enjoy that which has been given to her as said above. The same rule must apply in the case of household utensils also.

VII. I have dedts to the extent of Rs. 5,000 and I will discharge the same myself in my life time. I will also celebrate the marriages of my sons myself.

VIII. If I should die leaving any portion of my debts for my sons, the said 4 sons must jointly discharge the same.

IX. The pension of Rs. 127—1—10 at present enjoyed by me, may be distributed among my four sons in the following manner :—

X. For 1st son Kristnadeva Murthi, by 1st wife	Rs.	30	0	0
2nd son Vasudeva Murthi, Do		30	0	0
For 1st son Kristna Murthi, by 2nd wife		35	0	0
2nd son Sreenivas Murthi, Do		32	1	10
TOTAL	Rs...	127	1	10

and these above said 4 sons should maintain my two wives without the least cause for complaint and without any failure.

XI My two wives as well as their respective sons should live in joint family in the same way as they do in my life time and should there be misunderstandings or inconvenience, each my live with her sons.

XII. My other cousins have no manner of right whatever either to my property or to my pension, as the Government has clearly decided that my family branch is quite separate from that of my cousins and I have submitted every thing in detail to the Government.

XIII. Fully trusting that the Government of His Highness the Maharajah of Mysore my be pleased to favor me and my family with their generous protection and will take it into their kind consideration to carry out my intentions, I have this day in my own writing voluntarily executed this my last testament and hereunto affixed my signature.

(Signed) VENKATADRI NAIK,
Munjarabad Pallegar.

Witnesses.

I. Channa Basavaswami of Sree Suppannaswami Mutt.

II. Kristna Sastry.

Written by the testator Venkatadri Naik.

The same has been duly registered on 12th December 1893 &c,

(Signed) B. GUNGAIAH
SUB-REGISTRAR,
Bangalore.

EXHIBIT—~~W.~~ C,

Third petition of Venkatadri Naik, dated 20th July 1894, denying and falsifying all the statements made by his second wife Krishnajammanni, in her counter petition to H. E. the Dewan and praying that his pension may be continued to his four sons.

To

HIS EXCELLENCY THE DEWAN OF MYSORE.

The humble petition of VENKATADRI NAIK, Manjarabad Poligar, respectfully states:—

I submitted two petitions to Your Excellency dated 1st July and 17th July 1894, respectively regarding the settlement of my pension viz (Rs. 127—1—10 per month). I hear that my second wife Kristnajammanni became aware of this fact and yielding to the persuasions of evil advisers has put in another petition to your Excellency stating that she and her sons are the only heirs to that pension and that my first wife Puttammanni and her sons are not at all entitled to it.

Consequently I think it necessary that I should clearly state to Your Excellency the following circumstances, a knowledge of which, I think is quite necessary to enable Your Excellency to make an equitable settlement of my case.

Puttammanni, the daughter of Naraswimhala Naik of Madras, who belonged to the same caste as mine, was married to me in 1860. I have two sons by her, Kristnadeva Murthy and Vasudeva Murthy. Sundarajammanni, the daughter of Kumaraswami Raja, of Tiruvalur Daigal Family, a close relative of us has been given in marriage to my eldest son said Kristnadeva Murthy in 1893.

About seven years after the marriage of my first wife (Puttammanni), Kristnajammanni, the daughter of Muddukristnappa Naik of Rayadroog was married to me. I have four children by her, Kristna Murthy, Sreenivasa Murthy, Nanjamanni and Gowrammanni. The Nanjammanni has been given in marriage to Kumaraswamy Naik, Bagalur Poligar and Assistant Commissioner at Tumkur, in 1886.

Till now I have been living with my first and second wifes together namely Puttammanni and Kristnajammanni respectively.

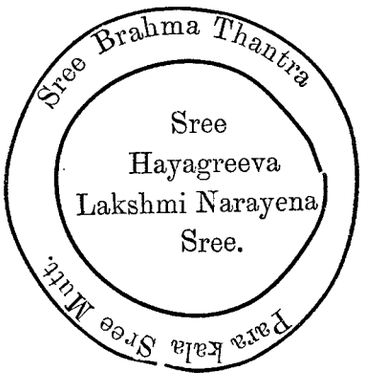
Now that I am suffering from illness, my second wife Kristnajammanni thinking that I shall not recover, has launched a petition to Your Excellency.

Under these circumstances I beg that Your Excellency will be merciful on me and my family and trust Your Excellency will make such a settlement of my pension viz (Rs. 127—1—10 per month) as I have stated in my previous petitions submitted to Your Excellency dated 1st July and 17th July 1894 respectively.

BANGALORE,
DATED 20TH JULY 1894.

(Sd.) VENKATADRI NAIK,
Poligar of Manjarabad.

EXHIBIT XIII. D.



No. 5.

SREE MUKKAM (GURU'S CERTIFICATE) GRANTED BY HIS HOLINESS SREE BRAHMA TANTRA SREE PARAKALA SWAMIGALAVARU OF MYSORE, SHOWING THAT,

your Memorialist and his mother belong to Telugu Banajiga Naik cast and that Puttammanni was the 1st wife of Venkatadri Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad.

ಶ್ರೀಮದ್ವೀದಮಾರ್ಗ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠಾಪನಾಚಾರ್ಯೋಭವು ವೇದಾಂತ ಪ್ರವರ್ತಕರಾದಂಥ
ಶ್ರೀ ಬ್ರಹ್ಮತಂತ್ರ ಪರಕಾಲಸ್ವಾಮಿಗಳವರು ಶ್ರೀಮಠದ ಶ್ರೀಕಾರ್ಯ ಕರ್ತರು
ಹೊಸದುರ್ಗಂ ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸರಾಪವಾಚಾರ್ಯರವರು.

This Sreemukhm, (certificate) granted to Krishnadeva Murthi, eldest son of Venkatadri Naik, Pallegar of Munjarabad, who is a chief and devout disciple of this Sree Mutt and who belongs to Kasyapagotra (ಕಾಶ್ಯಪಗೋತ್ರ) Apasthambha Sutra (ಆಪಸ್ತಂಭ ಸೂತ್ರ) is as follows:—

You, (Kristnadeva Murthi) and your remote ancestors *Viz* Bailur Venkatadri Naik, and Krishnappa Naik, your ancestors, Venkatadri Naik, grand son of the said Krishnappa Naik, and Krishnappa Naik, son of the said Venkatadri Naik, have been the chief and devuot disciples of this Mutt, and have shown great zeal and attachment in the service of God.

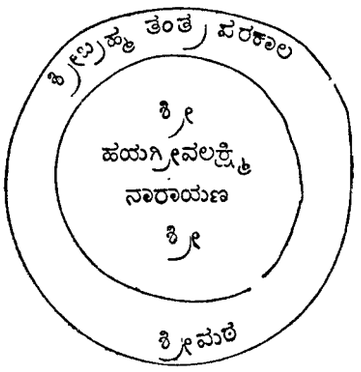
You, (Krishnadeva Murthi) and Puttammanni, wife of Venkatadri Naik, who belong to the family of the said Pallegar, have been the disciples of this Mutt and belong to Telugu Banajiga Naik cast. There is no objection whatever for you to contract aliences in your Telugu Banjiga Naik caste in accordance with your ancient customs. In accordance with the wishes of the Swamigalavaru of this Mutt, I have informed of this to you, this day of Ashadha Bhahula Dasami, Wednesday of Munmatha year.

(Sd.) RUNGA CHAR,
Sheristadar.

17TH JULY 1895.

Addressed to:—

KRISHNADEVA MURTHI NAIK,
Eldest son of VENKATADRI NAIK
the chief disciple of this Sree Mutt
AND PALLEGAR OF MUNJARABAD.



ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ
೫

ಶ್ರೀಮದ್ವೀದ ಮಾರ್ಗಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠಾಪನಾ ಚಾರ್ಯೋಭಯ ವೇದಾಂತ ಪ್ರವರ್ತಕ
ರಾದಂಥ ಶ್ರೀಬ್ರಹ್ಮತಂತ್ರಪರಕಾಲ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಗಳವರು ಶ್ರೀಮಠದ ಶ್ರೀಕಾರ್ಯ
ಕರ್ತರು ಹೊಸದುರ್ಗಂ ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ ರಾಘವಾಚಾರ್ಯರವರು

ಶ್ರೀಮಠಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಖ್ಯಶಿಷ್ಯರಾದ ಕಾಶ್ಯಪ ಗೋತ್ರ ಆಪಸ್ತಂಭ ಸೂತ್ರರಾದ ಮಂಜ
ರಾಬಾದು ಪಾಳ್ಯಗಾರ್ರು ವೆಂಕಟಾದ್ರಿನಾಯ್ಕರ ಜೇಪ್ಠಪುತ್ರರಾದ ಕೃಷ್ಣದೇವಮೂರ್ತಿನಾಯ್ಕರಿಗೆ ಬರಸಿ
ಕೊಟ್ಟ ಶ್ರೀಮುಖ ಆದಾಗಿ.

ನೀವುನಿಮ್ಮ ವಂಶಪಾರಂಪರ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಈ ಶ್ರೀಮಠಕ್ಕೆ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಹಿರೇರು ಬೇಲೂರುವೆಂಕಟಾ
ದ್ರಿನಾಯ್ಕರು, ಕೃಷ್ಣಪ್ಪನಾಯ್ಕರು, ಇವರ ಪೌತ್ರರು ವೆಂಕಟಾದ್ರಿನಾಯ್ಕರು, ಇವರ ಪುತ್ರರು ಕೃಷ್ಣಪ್ಪ
ನಾಯ್ಕರು, ಸಹಾ ಮುಖ್ಯಶಿಷ್ಯರಾಗಿ ಅನೇಕ ದೇವರ ಸೇವಾದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಯಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅವರ ವಂಶ
ಕ್ಕೆ ಶೇರಿದ ನೀವು ವೆಂಕಟಾದ್ರಿ ನಾಯ್ಕರ ಕುಟುಂಬ ಪುಟ್ಟಮ್ಮಣ್ಣಿಯವರು ಸಹಾ ಶ್ರೀಮಠಕ್ಕೆ ಶಿಷ್ಯರಾಗಿ
ಯು, ತೆನಗುಬಣಜಿಗನಾಯ್ಕರ ಜಾತಿಯವರಾಗಿಯೂ ಇರುತ್ತೀರಿ.

ನೀವ್ರಗಳಿಲ್ಲಾ ತೆನಗುಬಣಜಿಗನಾಯ್ಕ ಜಾತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪೂರ್ವ ಪದ್ಧತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅನುಸರಿಸಿ
ಬಂಧುತ್ವವಾಡತಕ್ಕ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಆಭ್ಯಂತರವೂಇರುವದಿಲ್ಲವಾಗಿ ಇರುತ್ತೆ. ಈ ಮೇರೆ ನಿಮ್ಮ
ಗಳಿಗೆ ತಿಳಿಸುವಂತೆ ಶ್ರೀ ಶ್ರೀಗಳವರು ಆಜ್ಞಾಪಿಸಿದ ಅಂಶವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿಯಿರುತ್ತೆ.

ಮನ್ಮಥನಾಮ ಸಂವತ್ಸರದ ಆಷಾಢ ಬ ೦೦ ಬುಧವಾರದಲ್ಲೂ

ರಂಗಾಚಾರ್
ಶಿರಸ್ತೆದಾರ್

ಮೇಲ್ವಿಳಾಸ.

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ
೫

ಶ್ರೀ ಮಠಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಖ್ಯಶಿಷ್ಯರಾದ ಮಂಜರಾಬಾದ್ ಪಾಳ್ಯೇಗಾರ್ರು ವೆಂಕಟಾದ್ರಿನಾಯ್ಕರ ಜೇಪ್ಠಪುತ್ರ
ರಾದ ಕೃಷ್ಣದೇವಮೂರ್ತಿ ನಾಯ್ಕರಿಗೆ.

Appendix. E.

To

The Dewan

to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

With reference to the Government Order, I have produced the Genealogy showing the details of the present heirs in my family, their ages and the dates of my two marriages.

In accordance with ancient custom, my - eldest wife, Puttammanni, herself is the "Pattada" wife (wife with regal rights). Thinking it is objectionable to mention the word "Pattada" wife in the present civilised time, I, in lieu of calling her "Pattada" wife, presented to her at the time of my Marriage, a Gold "Kanti" (Necklace) as a mark of respect, therefore, she is called "Banga rada" wife in the Genealogy.

Puttammanni, the daughter of Narasimala Naik of Madras, who belonged to the same Caste as mine, was married to me in the year 1860, with the usual custom and the Sastric Rites.

As she used to fall ill frequently, my parents suggested to me to get marry a 2nd wife, as it was necessary. So, with full consent of my 1st wife, Puttammanni, and her parents, I was married again.

I have two sons.by my 1st wife, Puttammanni, Krishnadeva Murthy and Vasudeva Murthy. In 1866, Krishnajammanni, the daughter of Muddu Krishnappa Naik, Rayadroog Pollegar, was married to me. I

have

have four children by her, Krishna Murthy, Srinivasa Murthy, Nanjammanni and Gowrammanni.

So, I have four sons and two daughters in my family. Krishnadeva Murthy, being the 1st son by my 1st wife Puttammanni, and also the eldest of my sons, is my "Jaishta" Putra in every respect, subject to Hindu Law and Legal Science.

My daughters have no claims to my pension after they are married.

Your favour is solicited.

Dated 16-8-1889.

(Sd.) Venkatadri Naik,
POLLEGAR OF MANJARABAD.

"C o p y"

(Sd.) B. Raghavendra Rao,
Officer in Charge,
State Huzur Treasury,
BANGALORE.

APPENDIX. F.

M. Ranganatham Naidu, Esqr., Acting Registrar,
Court of Small Causes, M a d r a s.

K.Munisawmy Naidu affirmed:--

75

I know Plaintiff Vasudeva Naidu. He is the son of Venkatadri Naidu. I knew his wife Puttamma, mother of the plaintiff. Narasimulu Naidu is the father of Puttammal. Narasimulu Naidu belonged to Chintadripet, Madras. Venkatadri belonged to Bangalore. I know of the marriage of Venkatadri with Puttamma. I was present at the marriage at Chintadripet. It was 50 years ago. I am now 75 years old. The marriage was performed in accordance with the rites observed among Bulja caste. Narasimulu was a Bulja. Venkatadri also was Bulja. Puttamma was about 10 or 11 years old when she was married. After marriage she was taken away to Bangalore by her husband Venkatadri. I received an invitation from Narasimulu Naidu for Puttamma's marriage. Puttamma's parents died about 25 years ago. I am related to Narasimulu Naidu. My relatives as also the relatives of Venkatadri Naidu were present at the marriage. I swear that I know Puttamma personally.

Cross-examined by 2nd defendant's Vakil Mr. Natesa Sastri.—My mother is the sister of Narasimulu Naidu. Narasimulu Naidu is my maternal uncle. I don't know the year I was born. I was a Chopdar in the Government Secretariat. I served for 40 years and retired 2 or 3 years ago. I was 30 years when I entered service. No, I was 27 or 28 years. Before entering service I was trading in rice. 2 or 3 years after Puttamma's marriage I entered Government service. Puttammah was the only child of Narasimulu Naidu. Narasimulu Naidu had a cloth bazaar. I don't know if Narasimulu Naidu left any property when he died nor what property he had during his lifetime. Once in 6 months or a year I used to pay a visit to Narasimulu Naidu's house. I learnt Puttammah took away all his property after the death of her parents. I don't know what properties she took. I saw Puttammah after her marriage when she came down to Madras with her husband 4 or 5 years after. They simply came to pay a visit and stayed for about 8 or 10 days. Again 3 or 4 years after they again paid a visit to their father-in-law's house. I saw her again when her mother was ill. I saw them at Narasimmalu Naidu's death. They arrived before the corpse was removed. I was then present. They came from Bangalore. Venkatadri was then a Sheristadar in Mysore Province. I don't know in which part of the province he was Sheristadar then. Venkatadri was unemployed when he was married. On their second visit to Madras I was informed that he was Sheristadar. At Narasimmalu Naidu's death he was an Amildar. Venkatadri died 12 years ago and Puttammah died 8 years ago. They both died at Bangalore. I did not

attend their funeral though I received the intimation of death from Krishnadeva Naidu, plaintiff's brother. I never went to Bangalore. When they came for Narasimulu Naidu's death they stayed in Madras till 16th day ceremony was over. 16th day ceremony took place at Narasimulu Naidu's house. Puttammah's marriage also took place in the same house. Puttammah and her husband during their stay in Madras for Narasimalu Naidu's funeral, also lived in the same house. At Narasimalu's death Puttammah had a child 3 years old, the eldest son of Puttammah. They also attended Perunthevammah's death. I also attended. They arrived before corpse was removed from Bangalore. They were wired to. After Perunthevammah's death they never came down to Madras. I never attempted to get any portion of Narasimulu Naidu's property. I have not got the invitation sent for Puttammah's marriage. I got an invitation for plaintiff's marriage at Choolay. I got no other invitation. I may not have been in Madras at the time other invitations came. Narasimulu Naidu told me that 10 years after Puttammah's marriage Venkatadri married again. I got no invitation for that marriage. Puttammah's Thaly was like a cup with yellow string. It is not usual to have gold string for Thaly. Thaly is never suspended in a gold string. I never heard of Bangaru Samantham. Puttammah was fair in complexion and short in stature. In Mysore, Naik is held high in estimation. Venkatadri was known as Naik in Mysore. His sons are known in Madras as Naidus. I don't know how they are known in Mysore Province. Venkatadri was a Bulja. I know because Narasimulu Naidu must have made enquiries before giving his daughter in Madras. Narasimulu Naidu would not have given in marriage his daughter to Venkatadri unless the latter belonged to Bulja caste nor would we have attended the marriage.

Re-examined by plaintiff's Vakil.—At the time Thali was tied, gold Kanty was put on the neck of Puttamma by Venkatadri. It was put on soon after Thali was tied. It was usual to put on in the case of persons in affluent circumstances. Puttamma died 8 years after her husband Venkatadri.

(Signed) முனுசாமி நாயுடு.

Interpreted to the witness in Telugu, the language in which it was given, and admitted by him to be correct.

Taken down by me on solemn affirmation in open Court this 24th day of April 1907.

(Signed) M.Ranganadham Naidu,
Acting Registrar,
Court of Small Causes,
M A D R A S.

Exhibit XIV. G.

Affidavit of Purohit for the performance of marriage of Puttammanni with Vencatadri Naik according to the caste observances of Telugu Banajiga Naiks.

To

THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

Affidavit of Subba Bhatta, aged 80, residing in Chickapetta, Bangalore.

The Marriage of Puttammanai, daughter of Narasimhala Naik, with Vencatadri Naik son of Krishnappa Naik, Manjarabad poligar, was celebrated in the month of gaishta of the year Roudri. In that marriage, it was I that undertook the purohit ship. I do hereby solemnly declare that I examined the horescopes of the bridegroom (Vencatadri Naik) and the bride (Puttammanni) and looked into the Ghatithartha, and then the Lugna an (auspicious day for marriage) was fixed. The said Marriage was conducted by me in accordance with the Sastric rites and observances enjoined for the caste of Telugu Banajiga Naiks. At the compeletion of the marriage, the Said Vencatadri Naik, in accordance with the ancient custom prevailing in the poligar families, did put around the neck of Puttammanni (1st wife) as a mark of respect a gold kantti. I have known both these persons from a very long time. To the truth of the statements made above I do hereby solemnly declare this day of 23rd July 1895.

2ND MAGISTRATE'S COURT * BANGALORE. * C. & M. STATION *

(Signed) SUBBA BHATTA.

Sworn to before me,
(Signed) ABDUL RHAMAN SAHIB,
Magistrate.

Exhibit H.

Affidavit of 1st wife's (Puttammanni's) paternal uncle, showing that Puttammanni is of Telugu Banajiga Naik caste and that she was married to Venkatadri Naik.

To

HER HIGHNESS THE MAHARANI, C. I.,
REGENT OF MYSORE.

May it please Your Highness,

I the undersigned Govindarajala Naik living in Madras humbly beg to submit to your Highness gracious consideration an affidavit as here under detailed.

I am the son of late Gurusami Naik and I belong to Telugu Banajiga Naik caste from my remote ancestors. I had my brother Narasimhala Naik who was lawfully wedded to one Perundevammanni. Narasimhala Naik my brother had a daughter by name Puttammanni who about 35 years ago, was given in marriage to one Venkatadri Naik a Poligar of Manjarabad. Puttammanni has since her marriage with the said Venkatadri Naik lived in Bangalore with her husband and has borne to him two sons by name Krishnadeva Murti and Vasudeva Murti. In conclusion I solemnly declare that Puttammanni was the legitimate daughter of Narasimhala Naik, that she is of Telugu Banajiga Naik caste, that she is lawfully wedded to Venkatadri Naik at her 11th year and that the eldest son Krishnadeva Murti and Vasudeva Murti are the legitimate sons of Venkatadri Naik by his 1st wife Puttammanni.

Signed. GOVIND RAJALA NAIK.

Solemnly declared at the Presidency Magistrate Court, Black Town Madras this 30th day of July 1895 before me.

Signed. SULTAN MOHEDIN SAHIB,
Presidency Magistrate.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE'S COURT MADRAS. 1st DIVISION

Identified by
Signed T. Parthasarathy,
Attender Messrs. Branson and Branson.

Registered No. 138
T.D.

Appendix 1.

Mahazur of Bangalore Pallegars and Merchants who were frequenting Vencatadri Naik and who have known his family affairs for a long time.

Mahazur dated 10th August 1894 signed by 41 persons:-

The said Vencatadri Naik had two wives by name 1st Puttammanni and 2nd Krishnajammanni. The 1st wife has two sons by name 1 Krishna Deva Murthy and 2 Vasudeva Murthy. The 2nd Krishnajammanni has two sons by name 1 Krishna Murthy and 2 Sreenivas Murthy and two daughters by name 1 Nanjammanni and 2 Gourammanni.

The said Vencatadri Naik with his two wives was living as a joint family and has conducted every religious ceremony with his other caste men without any complaint whatever.

(Signed) Chitaldroog Pallegar Lingal Naik.
" Anegondi Pallegar Narayana Raju.
" Anegondi Pallegar Kristnama Raju.
" Anegondi Pallegar Narasima Raju.
" Anegondi Pallegar Janapala Raju.
" Arlepetta Narasimmiah.
" Arlepetta Yajaman Puttappa.
" Arlepetta Setty Mullappa.

AND 33 OTHERS.

****

EXHIBIT ~~XVIII~~. J.

Affidavit of Purohit who had conducted most of the ceremonies in Venkatadri Naik's house in his life time and who got Venkatadri Naik's funeral ceremonies performed by the Memorialist, Krishnadeva Murti.

Affidavit of Kaipi Ramasastry, grand son of Adalat Subba, Sastry residing in old Kavadegar Pett, Bangalore, is as follows:—

In the life time of the deceased Vencatadri Naik and after his death, it is I that got performed all the religious ceremonies (ಹವ್ಯಕವ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು, ಶುಭಾಶುಭಗಳನ್ನು) in accordance with the observances of Telugu Banajiga Naik caste.

Besides the above, after the death of Vencatadri Naik, Krishnadeva Murthi, eldest son of Vencatadri Naik by his 1st wife Puttammanni, has performed the funeral obsequies of his father, on which occasion I had undertaken the Purohitship and everything went on agreeably to the observances of Telugu Banajiga Naiks.

To the truth of the statements made above I do hereby solemnly declare this the 26th day of July 1895.

(Sd.) KAIP RAMASASTY.

Signed before me this 26th day of July 1895.

(Sd) S. RAMASWAMI IYENGAR.

SPECIAL MAGISTRATE.

C. & M. STATION.

BANGALORE.

Court of the Bench of Magistrates. Civil & Military Station. Bangalore.

Appendix. K.

Affidavit of Ammani amma Uterine Sister of late Venkatadri Naik and Mother of late Bij. Kumaraswamy Naik, showing that Pultammanni is of Telegu Banajiaga Caste and that she was Married to Venkatadri Naik according to the Caste usages.

(Sd). Ammani amma.

Mangavaram Pollegar - Family.

EXHIBIT [illegible]. L.

Register No. 49.

To the Huzur Kajana Bakshi of

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

Petition submitted by Manjarabad Pallegar Venkatadri Naik.

The marriage of my eldest son Chiranjeevi Krishnadevamurti with Chiranjeevi Sowbagyavati Sundararajammani, daughter of Sriman M. R. Ry. Degala Kumara Swamy Rajaru of Tiruvalur, was celebrated at Tanjore on Friday the 9th June, corresponding to the 10th M. D. of Jeshta of the year Vijaya between 16 and 16 7/8 'Galigas' in Simha Lagna. I pray that the fact mentioned in this petition may be noted in our family register.

(Signed) Venkatadri Naik.

Dated 20—1—94.

'Copy'

(Signed) A. Viraswamy Moodaliar,
Kazana Bukshi.

Huzur Treasury,
Bangalore.

———

EXHIBIT XVIII.

Geneological tree of the family of Dodda Krishnappa Naik. Palegar, Manjarabad.

Krishnappa Naik.

Venkatadri Naik (two wives).

Senior wife—Bhangarada Puttammanni.

She is the daughter of Venkatadri Naik's own relation Madras Narasimhulu Naik and was married in 1860. In accordance with ancient custom, she herself is the 'Pattada' wife (wife with regal rights). So, in lieu of calling her 'Pattada' wife, she was presented, at the time of marriage, with a gold 'kanti' (neck lace). Therefore she is called above 'Bhangarada' Puttammanni.

Elder son Krishnadeva Murti. Vasudeva Murti.

Junior wife—Krishnajammanni.

She is the daughter of Venkatadri Naik's own relation Muddu Krishna Naik, Palegar, Rayadrug. She was married in 1866.

Krishna Murti | Srinivasa Murti | Nanjammanni | Gowrammanni

(Signed) Venkatadri Naik,
Palegar,
Manjarabad.

Dated 22—12—93.

Appendix M.

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA TO SIRE CHARLES WOOD;

Dated Foreign Department Simla, 30th April (No. 43) 1860.

1. I have the honour to reply to the several despatches enumerated in the margin, regarding the allowances of the family of the late Ex-Rajah of Coorg.

2. * * * * *

3. * * * * *

4. If her Magisty's Government should sanction an allowances of 3,000 Rupees a month for the members of the Coorg family in India, I would recommend that it be distributed amongst them in about the proportion noted in the margin, with the understanding that (except in the case of the concubines, whose stipends will absolutely lapse at their death), on the lapse of each pension by the death of the recipients, the Government of India will exercise its judgment as to the continuance of any portion of the sum to any relation or Dependent of the deceased.

For the Ranee ...	Rs. 600
Six concubines at Rs. 50 each ...	Rs. 300
Five Ditto ..	Rs. 250
The legitimate son	Rs. 500
Six illegitimate sons, Rs. 200 each	Rs. 1,200
The Daughter in India ...	Rs. 150
Total	Rs. 3,000

I have, &c

(Signed) CANNING.

GENL. & REV. SECTT.
16 MAR 1928
FINANCIAL BRANCH.

D 4327/Fl

To

The Financial Secretary

to the Government of Mysore,

BANGALORE.

a/s 7m
16/3/28 put up
16/3

Most Respected Sir,

In continuation of my Petition dated 25th February 1928 presented to the Dewan, I beg leave to produce a copy of the Proceedings of the Government of Mysore No.9850/1105 dated - 13th March 1890, to point out that the Pollegar Pension settled in the name of one Basavalinga - Raju, Hagalavadi Pollegar Family, in the year 1877 was again resettled in the year 1890 and allotted a division of the pension among the parties entitled to the same, after a period of 13 years.

Bangalore,
16th March 1928.

I beg to remain,
Most Respected Sir,
Your most obedient and humble servant,

Jn. Krishna Deva Naik.

Manjarabad Pollegar Family.

The main file is before the asst: Secy: The petitioner Krishna Deva Naik has been branded an illegitimate son of Venkatadri Naik & his illegitimacy has been established beyond doubt. It is not so much the question of limitation that stands unfavourable to the decision of this case but it is his illegitimacy that deprives him of his title to the pollegar pension.

This may be placed in the main file.

17.3.28

16/3/28

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore.

Read--

Letter No.16 dated 17th December 1889
from the Khazana Bakshi.

Order thereon No. 9850/1105.
Dated, Bangalore 13th March 1890.

The deceased veerappaji at the time of his death in 1877 left two widows (uterine sisters) the elder of whom is named Thayamma and the younger Devamma. He also left three sons and two daughters by the first or elder wife and two sons by the second or younger wife. The first son of the elder wife - named Basavalinga Raju is younger than the first son of the younger wife named Sadasiva Raju.

When the question of a settlement of the deceased's pension came up the second widow and her sons were absent at Benares.

The pension was settled in the name of the first son of the elder widow for the maintenance of herself and the other members of the family.

Sadasiva Raju has been claiming a division of the pension or its registry in his name. Amicable settlement was suggested and apparently agreed to by the two widows on behalf of their sons, but no - settlement has yet been come to and indeed the parties have not met the elder widow and her son who are in possession and have been putting off a meeting on various pretexts.

The Khajana Bakshi suggests that as Sadasivaraju

Sadasiva Raju is clamorous for a settlement, pension payable should be stopped until the younger widow - turns up and makes a representation if any or arrives at a settlement with the other branches of the family.

2. The Dewan directs that as proposed by the Khazana Bakshi pension payment should be stopped. - Both parties should be informed that they should arrive at a settlement or appear at Bangalore for an - enquiry to be held by the Khazana Bakshi within two - months from the date of information. If they arrive at an amicable settlement, the Khazana Bakshi should report the full particulars of the same for Dewan's Orders. But if they don't arrive at an amicable settlement the Khazana Bakshi should hold an enquiry in the presence of the parties if they appear or their Agents or independently of them, if they fail to appear whether by themselves or by Agents and report upon the best and most equitable division of the pension among the - parties entitled to the same.

The Khazana Bakshi will give due consideration to allegation of adoption and to the needful maintenance allowances to the members entitled to such.

(Sd.) T. Ananda Rao,
Chief Secretary.

To

The Khazana Bakshi,
Huzur Treasury,
BANGALORE.

"TRUE COPY".

A. P. F. VI. G1j

SUBJECT.....

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Section S/III

File No. 303-27

Serial No. 2.

Diary No. of letter replied to..... 9-5-1928

No. Endorsement
No. 8685/S.I.A.303-27

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *192*

To Mr. M. Krishnadeva Naik
Poligar of Manjarabad
128- III Road
Viswaswarapuram
Bangalore

Date of issue..... 9-5-1928

Signed by..... Mr M.V. Krs

With reference to his Memorial dated 25-2-1928 addressed to the Dewan praying that a portion of the Poligar's Stipend drawn by his late father Venkatadri Naik may be granted to him, Mr Krishna Deva Naik is informed that Govt see no reasons for reconsidering the order that has been already passed in the case (vide last office endorsement No. 8279 S.I.A. 54 dt 13-5-1926)

P. C.

List of enclosures.....

3/5/28

Copied by .....

M

Examined by .....

page 2 - For file seen

WD0325—GPB—30,000—26-5-27

1/5/1928